# L4 Instructions for use

High Gold Metal Alloys for Inlays, Crown and Bridgework (Products with catalogue numbers in the appendix)

#### Preventive measures

Mixing of different alloys or alloys of similar types is not allowed!

Wear darkened eye protection and protective gloves when melting.

Protect eyes, hands and breathing when pickling.

Protect eyes and breathing during processing with rotating instruments with an aspirator device.

With the publication of these instructions for use all previous editions are no longer valid.

The manufacturer refuses any liability for damages due to disregard of the instructions for use below.

#### Intended use

Fixed and removable dentures.

#### **Product description**

This group casting alloys with a high gold content includes alloys with different mechanical and physical properties. This allows a wide scope of application. Type 2 alloys (high strength) are particularly suitable for inlays and bridges with short spans. Alloys of Type 4 (extra-high strength) were developed in particular for bridges with large span widths, for milling work as well as for work combined with structural elements. These alloys can be soldered without any difficulties and are suitable for the cast-on technique. They are self-curing when slowly cooled to room temperature in the cylinder or soldering base. Therefore additional thermal treatment is superfluous.

## **Expected clinical benefit**

Restoration of chewing function and improved aesthetics.

#### Qualification

Professional dentist and dental technician know-how is required. The instructions for use must be available and understood before the first application. The manufacturing work must be carried out by qualified specialists. For information and additional details, please contact your Cendres+Métaux representative.

#### Side effects

With patients having an existing allergy to one or several elements contained in any one alloy, this particular alloy must not be used. With patients suspected of having an allergy to one or several elements contained in any one alloy, this alloy can only be used after preliminary allergological testing and proof of a non-existing allergy.

## Traceability of lot numbers

If different lots of an alloy are being used for the realisation of a restoration, all lot numbers concerned must be noted in order to assure traceability.

#### Disinfection

All the parts must be disinfected before use with a high-level disinfectant. Follow the instructions of the manufacturer regarding dosage and exposure time.

When choosing the disinfectant, ensure that:

- it is suitable for the cleaning and disinfection of dental prosthetic components,
- it is compatible with the materials of the products to be cleaned and disinfected, and
- it has proven efficacy in disinfection.

We recommend using an ortho-phthaldehyde (OPA) solution like the Cidex® OPA Solution. Strictly follow the manufacturer's instructions.

#### General instrucions

#### Modelling

Usual modelling technique for ceramic-fused-to-metal works. Minimal wall thickness  $0.4\,\mathrm{mm}$ . With bridgework the connections must have a minimum section of  $6-9\,\mathrm{mm}^2$ . Modelling of garlands or inlay shaped reinforcements in the palatinal region will give added stability. The application of air and cooling vents improves casting results.

## **Spruing**

Wax sprues of no less than  $\emptyset$  3.5 mm are required. Direct ( $\emptyset$  3.5 mm) and cross bar ( $\emptyset$  5 mm) spruing produce excellent results. Feeder sprues to heavy pontics should be of at least  $\emptyset$  4 mm. Air vents ( $\emptyset$  1 mm) may be used to advantage.

Wax patterns should be set outside the thermal centre, i.e. near the casting ring wall and about 5 mm from the end. For individual copings and small bridges (up to three units), use of the circular sprue provides ideal positioning of the wax patterns and ensure controlled solidification of the frameworks.

## Investing

When using steel casting rings always use refractory liner in order to allow free expansion of the investment.

The following investment materials from Cendres+Métaux are suitable for this alloy type:

uniVest Plus: universal phosphate-bonded, graphite- and gypsum-free investment material

**CM-20**: graphite-free investment material based on quartz and cristobalite

uniVest Rapid: graphite-free, phosphate-bonded investment material

**Rapid preheating technique**: the use of burn-out plastic parts can lead to spalling in the investment material.

## **Preheating**

Observe manufacturer's recommendations with regard to setting times, temperature levels etc. On reaching the end temperature a soaking period of 20 to 45 min. is advisable depending on the size of the cylinder.

## Re-use of alloy

Only use perfectly cleaned (by sand-blasting with aluminium oxide) buttons and sprues and add at least ½ of new alloy.

#### Melting

It is important, when using a torch for melting that the recommended propane (approx. 0.5 bar or 7.25 psi) / oxygen (approx. 1.0 bar or 14.5 psi) mixture and pressure are observed. Before melting add a pinch of flux to the alloy. Flux: boric acid

## Surface quality of cast objects

In order to prevent corrosion the cast object must have a surface free of shrink holes and porosities after trimming and polishing.

## **Cooling of castings**

Do not quench the casting cylinder after casting, but bench cool to room temperature.

## **Finishing**

Trim the framework first preferably using carbide burs and then fine grinding points at low speed.

## Soldering

We recommend using a propane/oxygen torch for soldering and a flux like CM soldering paste. During soldering wear dark goggles for protection. The design of the soldering block is a compromise between minimising its thermal mass whilst retaining sufficient strength to avoid its fracturing during soldering. Leave a parallel gap of  $0.1-0.2\,\mathrm{mm}$  between surfaces to be soldered and sufficient area to ensure adequate strength of the joint.

## **Pickling**

After casting or soldering pickle in a warm, freshly prepared (clean) solution of 10 vol. % sulphuric acid ( $\rm H_2SO_4$ ) Note: When using other pickling agents follow the instructions for use of the respective manufacturer.

## Thermal treatments (not compulsory)

After casting, some of the high gold metal alloys have not yet obtained their maximal mechanical properties. For long-span bridgework and for works with attachments in combustible plastic which will not be veneered with ceramic, a simulation firing of the work in the as cast condition (cleaned frameworks, sprues not yet removed) in the ceramic furnace can be done.

This procedure has the following advantages: The hardness increase allows easier and faster trimming of the frameworks. Grinding overlaps are prevented. Possible tensions due to the casting process are reduced. (Firing data see table overleaf).

# Gilding of frameworks

Gilding is carried out at the user's own risk.

# **Polishing**

After the last firing free metal surfaces must be polished to a high shine in order to completely remove the oxide layer.

Labeling o	n packaging/symbols
$\mathbb{A}$	Date of manufacture
•••	Manufacturer
REF	Catalogue number
LOT	Batch code
QTY	Quantity
[]i	Consult instructions for use URL: cmsa.ch/docs
Rx only	Attention: According to US federal law, this product may only be sold by or on behalf of a physician.
<b>C €</b> 1250	Cendres+Métaux products with CE labeling meet the requirements of the Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC.

## Instructions for use

Alloys	Cat. No.		Indication					Composition %														
		Type (ISO 22674)	a	b	c O	ÇCCCÇ d	e	f Q	Au + Pt group metals	Au	Pt	Pd	Ag	Cu	Sn	Zn	In	Ga	Ir	Ru	Rh	Fe
Opticast	010869	2							83.30	83.20			8.00	8.50		0.20			0.10			
Aurofluid 2 PF	01050010	2							79.06	78.05	0.99		11.50	8.50		0.94			0.02			
Pontor MPF	01050021	4							75.62	72.00	3.60		13.70	9.78		0.90			0.02			
Neocast 3	010646	4							75.40	71.60	3.75		12.70	10.80		1.10			0.05			
Protor 3	010654	4							75.35	68.60	2.45	3.95	11.85	10.60		2.50			0.05			



a Inlays, onlays, crowns ¾





Short-span bridgework



Long-span bridgework





Alloys	Physic	cal properties	Mechanical properties												
	Density	Melting range	Young's	Hardness HV5			Proof stress Rp 0.2% MPa			Tensile strength (Rm) MPa			Elongation A5 %		
			Modulus												
	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	°C	GPa	As cast	Soft	Hardened	As cast	Soft	Hardened	As cast	Soft	Hardened	As cast	Soft	Hardened
Opticast	16.4	915-935	90	115	115		215	245		395	355		41	56	
Aurofluid 2 PF	15.9	895–960	90	140	125	135*	280	245	320*	425			48	40	30*
Pontor MPF	15.5	895-940	90	240	150	220*	545	320	490*	685	465	580*	17	38	19*
Neocast 3	15.5	890-935	90	245	180	240*	610	405	635*	725	535	750*	17	33	14*
Protor 3	15.0	895–960	135	270	175	275*	685	410	680*	850	535	780*	13	35	12*

<sup>\* 100%</sup> selfhardening after cooling in the cylinder or soldering block, otherwise particular instructions for use.

Alloys	Solders		Laser welding wire	Instructions for	use	
	Pre-Solder	Post Solder		Preheating	Crucible	Casting temperature
				°C		°C
Opticast	S.G 810	S.G 750	LW N° 5	650	000	1035–1085
Aurofluid 2 PF	S.G 810	S.G 750	LW N° 5	 630-680	000	1110-1160
Pontor MPF	S.G 810	S.G 750	LW N° 5	 630-680	000	1090-1140
Neocast 3	S.G 810	S.G 750	LW N° 5	650	000	1020-1070
Protor 3	S.G 810	S.G 750	LW N° 5	700	000	1040-1090

Alloys	Recommended	casting systems (r	not compulsory)		Particular instructions for use					
	Propane-oxygen flame	Vacuum-pressure casting with electric resistance furnace	Centrifugal casting with electric resistance furnace	electric resis- induction in atmo-		Annealing	Hardening	Sandblasting with glass beads		
	Post-melting time 5–10 s	Post-melting time 20–40 s	Post-melting time 20–40 s	Post-melting time 5–10 s	Post-melting time 5–10 s			50 μm		
Opticast	V	V	~			700°C / 10 min / H <sub>2</sub> 0	-	V		
Aurofluid 2 PF	V	V	V			700°C / 10 min / H <sub>2</sub> O	250°C / 15 / air*	~		
Pontor MPF	V	V	V			750°C / 10 min / H <sub>2</sub> O	350°C / 15 / air*	~		
Neocast 3	V	V	V			700°C / 10 min / H <sub>2</sub> O	400 °C / 15 / air*	~		
Protor 3	V	V	V			700°C / 10 min / H <sub>2</sub> O	400 °C / 15 / air*	~		

<sup>\*</sup> Annealing before hardening





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